

Anatomy of a Procedure Mask

What You Need to Know

Ear loops

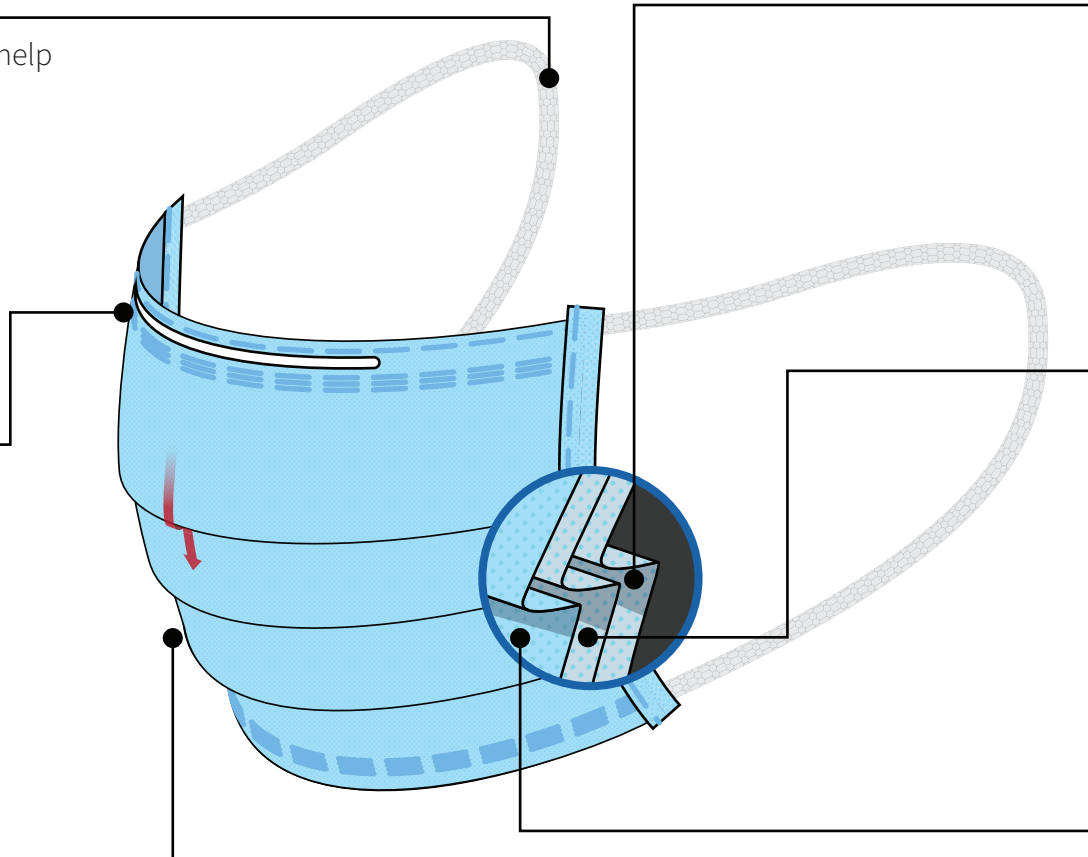
Secure masks to face and help position sides of mask smoothly with no gaps.

Nose Clip

Shapes the mask to your nose for a snug fit.

Pleats

Should always face down to prevent gravity capture of particles.



Inside layer

Inside layer (usually white) is absorbent material. It holds in moisture from your breath.



Middle layer

Middle layer is a non-woven, tightly bonded fiber cloth that acts as a filter between you and the air outside your mask.



Outer layer

Outer layer, generally, is a fluid resistant material that protects your mask from absorbing small droplets.